



# STIC Search Report

## EIC 2100

STIC Database Tracking Number: 166795

TO: Gregory Hein  
Location: RND2c55  
Art Unit: 188  
Monday, September 26, 2005  
  
Case Serial Number: 10/636042

From: Emory Damron  
Location: EIC 2100  
RND 4B19  
Phone: 571-272-3520  
  
Emory.Damron@uspto.gov

### Search Notes

Dear Gregory,

Please find below your fast and focused search.

References of potential pertinence have been tagged, but please review all the packets in case you like something I didn't.

Of those references which have been tagged, please note any manual highlighting which I've done within the document.

In addition to searching on Dialog, I also searched EPO/JPO/Derwent.

There may be a few decent references contained herein, but I'll let you determine how useful they may be to you.

Please contact me if I can refocus or expand any aspect of this case, and please take a moment to provide any feedback (on the form provided) so EIC 2100 may better serve your needs. Good Luck!

Sincerely,

Emory Damron

Technical Information Specialist

EIC 2100, US Patent & Trademark Office

Phone: (571) 272-3520

[Emory.damron@uspto.gov](mailto:Emory.damron@uspto.gov)





# STIC EIC 2100 166795 Search Request Form 119

Today's Date: 9/25/2005

What date would you like to use to limit the search?

Priority Date: 8/7/2003

Other:

Name Gregory Hein

AU 2188 Examiner # 81604

Room # 2055 Phone X-4180

Serial # 10/ 686042

Format for Search Results (Circle One):

PAPER

DISK

EMAIL

Where have you searched so far?

USP

DWPI

EPO

JPO

ACM

IBM TDB

IEEE

INSPEC

SPI

Other

Is this a "Fast & Focused" Search Request? (Circle One) YES NO

A "Fast & Focused" Search is completed in 2-3 hours (maximum). The search must be on a very specific topic and meet certain criteria. The criteria are posted in EIC2100 and on the EIC2100 NPL Web Page at <http://ptoweb/patents/stic/stic-tc2100.htm>.

What is the topic, novelty, motivation, utility, or other specific details defining the desired focus of this search? Please include the concepts, synonyms, keywords, acronyms, definitions, strategies, and anything else that helps to describe the topic. Please attach a copy of the abstract, background, brief summary, pertinent claims and any citations of relevant art you have found.

On the included sheet, claim 1. The process described here is called "extended remote copy." The copy manager or storage mover or data mover, which are equivalent names, stores data from multiple sources in an intermingled fashion. It also creates a log of the data stored. These are the aspects I can't find. The intermingling of multi-threaded data and the creation of a log. It doesn't have to be retrieval. Any system writing or reading using this method is great.

Keywords: Extended Remote Copy, Data Mover, Copy Manager, Sequential, Intermingle, Mixed Data, Interleave, magnetic storage, magnetic device, multi-thread, multi-source, multiple source.

711/111

STIC Searcher Emma Danner

Phone 23520

Date picked up 9/26/05

Date Completed 9/26/05



XCOPY



# STIC Search Results Feedback Form

**EIC 2100**

Questions about the scope or the results of the search? Contact *the EIC searcher or contact:*

Anne Hendrickson, EIC 2100 Team Leader  
272-3490, RND 4B28

## Voluntary Results Feedback Form

➤ I am an examiner in Workgroup: 2188 Example: 2133

➤ Relevant prior art **found**, search results used as follows:

- ☐ 102 rejection
- ☐ 103 rejection
- ☐ Cited as being of interest.
- ☐ Helped examiner better understand the invention.
- ☐ Helped examiner better understand the state of the art in their technology.

Types of relevant prior art found:

- ☐ Foreign Patent(s)
- ☐ Non-Patent Literature  
(journal articles, conference proceedings, new product announcements etc.)

➤ Relevant prior art **not found**:

- ☐ Results verified the lack of relevant prior art (helped determine patentability).
- ☐ Results were not useful in determining patentability or understanding the invention.

Comments:

Drop off or send completed forms to STIC/EIC2100 RND, 4B28



Set	Items	Description
S1	7870	(EXTEND? OR EXTRA? OR REDUND? OR SECOND? OR 2ND OR BACKUP? OR BACK?()UP)(2N)(REMOTE? OR OFFSITE? OR DISTAL? OR DISTANT? - OR GLOBAL? OR ("NOT" OR NON)()LOCAL? OR OFF()SITE)
S2	4108356	COPY? OR STORE? OR STORAGE? OR WRITE? OR WRITING?
S3	1942025	RECORD? OR MEMOR? OR BACKUP? OR BACK?()UP
S4	268430	(MAGNETIC OR MEMOR?)(2N)(STORAG? OR TAPE? OR DEVIC? OR DIS- K? OR DISC?)
S5	813110	CONTROLLER? OR MANAGER? OR SUPERVISOR? OR AUTHORIT?
S6	2213	(STORAG? OR DATA?)(()MOVER? OR ROUTER? OR MULTIPLEX? OR MU- X?)
S7	2415989	MULTIP? OR MULTIT? OR PLURAL? OR MANY? OR SEVERAL? OR ARR- Y? OR MULTITHREAD? OR MULTI()THREAD?
S8	5051005	DATA? OR PACKET? OR INPUT? OR THREAD? OR INFORMATION? OR I- NFO? OR FILE? OR SOURC?
S9	24846	INTERMINGL? OR INTERMIX? OR INTERLEAV? OR COALESC?
S10	24846	INTERMINGL? OR INTERMIX? OR INTERLEAV? OR COALESC?
S11	603149	COMMINGL? OR COMMIX? OR INTEGRAT? OR INTERLAC? OR SHUFFL? - OR INTERWEAV?
S12	250867	CHRONICL? OR ARCHIV? OR LOG OR LOGS OR LOGGED OR LOGGING? - OR INDEX?
S13	1083657	HISTOR? OR TRACK? OR LIBRAR? OR RECORD? ? OR DIARY? OR REG- IST? OR LIST? ?
S14	587390	MONITOR? OR WATCH? OR AUDIT? OR ACCOUNT?
S15	5863670	LOCATION? OR ADDRESS? OR SITE? ? OR LOCALE? OR POSITION? OR SECTOR? OR LOCUS? OR SECTION? OR SEQUEN? OR IDENTIF?
S16	1242704	IC=G06F?
S17	186751	S7(7N)S8 AND S2:S4 .
S18	80	S17 AND S1
S19	10241	S17 AND S9:S11
S20	1130	S19 AND S5:S6
S21	195	S20 AND S12:S14 AND S15
S22	997622	S20 AND S9:S11(7N)S8 AND S2:S4(7N)S8 OR (S2:S4 OR S8)(7N)S- 15
S23	173	S20 AND S9:S11(7N)S8 AND S2:S4(7N)S8 AND (S2:S4 OR S8)(7N)- S15
S24	7	S18 AND S9:S11
S25	64	S21 AND S23
S26	71	S24:S25
S27	193287	PR=2004:2005
S28	68	S26 NOT S27
S29	68	IDPAT (sorted in duplicate/non-duplicate order)
S30	304	S21 OR S23
S31	242	S30 NOT S28
S32	48	S31 NOT INTEGRAT?
S33	47	S32 NOT S27
S34	47	IDPAT (sorted in duplicate/non-duplicate order)

File 347:JAPIO Nov 1976-2005/Apr(Updated 050801)  
(c) 2005 JPO & JAPIO

File 350:Derwent WPIX 1963-2005/UD,UM &UP=200561  
(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent



29/3,K/8 (Item 8 from file: 350)  
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX  
(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

015765173 \*\*Image available\*\*  
WPI Acc No: 2003-827375/200377

**Method for operating interleaver memory**  
Patent Assignee: ELECTRONICS & TELECOM RES INST (ELTE-N); KOREA ELECTRONICS  
& TELECOM RES INST (KOEL-N)

Inventor: JUNG H B; KIM G S; LEE S H; LIM I G; CHUNG H B

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 002

Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week
KR 2003056566	A	20030704	KR 200186828	A	20011228	200377 B
KR 431082	B	20040512	KR 200186828	A	20011228	200459

Priority Applications (No Type Date): KR 200186828 A 20011228

Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan	Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
KR 2003056566	A		1	H04B-001/69	
KR 431082	B			H04B-001/69	Previous Publ. patent KR 2003056566

**Method for operating interleaver memory**

Abstract (Basic):

... A method for operating an **interleaver memory** is provided to divide a **memory** area of one **interleaver memory** into **several** banks, and to **store** channel **data** in blank banks, so as to improve **memory** use efficiency when a plurality of subscribers access a base station.

... If a **writing** operation is requested(1), a micro **controller** (10) decides a sub modulator and a modulator unit(140)(2), and reads a bank state **register** of a bank **controller** (120) to recognize **locations** and sizes of blank banks(3). The micro **controller** (10) calculates the number of consecutive blank banks and a bank of a minimum start **address** (4), and **writes** **data** in a bank allocation **register** (5). The bank state **register** of the bank **controller** is set(51). The micro **controller** (10) respectively **stores** calculated values in a frame offset **register**, an **address** offset **register** and a spreading factor value **register** of the modulator unit(140)(6). The micro **controller** (10) receives channel **data** for **interleaving** and **sequentially** **writes** the channel **data** in the blank banks of an **interleaver memory** (7). A frame **controller** of the modulator unit(140) generates a frame synchronous signal(61). If the frame synchronous signal is 1(one)(62), a **memory** read **address** and control signal generator of the modulator unit(140) generates a read **address**, a **memory** selection signal and a read signal(63), and produces a signal for reading the channel **data**, **stored** in the **interleaver memory** by referring to the values **stored** in the **registers** (64). The channel **data** are read and provided to each modulator unit(140), then modulated(65). If the channel **data** **stored** in the **interleaver memory** are completely read, the **memory** read **address** and control signal generator generates a flag signal to notify the completion of **interleaving** (66...).

...Title Terms: **INTERLEAVED** ;

29/3,K/9 (Item 9 from file: 350)  
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX  
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015644979 \*\*Image available\*\*  
WPI Acc No: 2003-707162/200367  
XRPX Acc No: N03-564880

Cache data mirroring method for redundant array of independent disks system, involves copying data from main controller to alternate controller which writes data to storage system when failure of main controller is detected

Patent Assignee: INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC )

Inventor: OTTERNESS N S; SKAZINSKI J G

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week
US 6574709	B1	20030603	US 99410168	A	19990930	200367 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 99410168 A 19990930

Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan	Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
US 6574709	B1		27	G06F-011/00	

Cache data mirroring method for redundant array of independent disks system, involves copying data from main controller to alternate controller which writes data to storage system when failure of main controller is detected

Abstract (Basic):

... A main controller (17) stores relevant data to be written in a storage system (50), in response to a request from a computer (5). The stored data are cached and copied to an alternate controller where status of cache data is maintained by mirror valid flags, sequences and maps. The data are then written in the storage system from the alternate controller, when failure of the main controller is detected.

... 2) method for tracking mirrored data...

...3) main controller ; and...

...4) method for operating main and alternate storage controllers .  
...

...For mirroring cache data to data storage system such as redundant array of independent disks (RAID) system including disk drives, tape drives, printers, compact disk -read only memory (CD-ROM) drives, scanners and optical disks, used with computer systems in server environments and multi-controller environments...

...Since data in the main and alternate controllers are linked explicitly, the need for performing queries and waiting for reply from memories is made unnecessary. Number of cache mirroring operations are reduced by coalescing multiple data mirror operations into single mirroring operation...

... controller (17...

...random access memory (40...

... data storage system (50

...Title Terms: COPY ;

29/3,K/18 (Item 18 from file: 350)  
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX  
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013314932 \*\*Image available\*\*  
WPI Acc No: 2000-486869/200043  
XRPX Acc No: N00-362272

Interleave releasing apparatus for digital data broadcasting, stores  
shifted position of initial data , and function value generator  
generates new function value for data interleaving point and  
register

Patent Assignee: MATSUSHITA DENKI SANGYO KK (MATU )

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week
JP 2000183757	A	20000630	JP 98356807	A	19981215	200043 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 98356807 A 19981215

Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan	Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
JP 2000183757	A		12	H03M-013/27	

Interleave releasing apparatus for digital data broadcasting, stores  
shifted position of initial data , and function value generator  
generates new function value for data interleaving point and  
register

Abstract (Basic):

... Address generator (10) has initial value generator (101) which  
stores shifted position of initial data , function value generator  
(102) to generate new function value from initial value or old function  
value based on data interleaving point. A register stores  
either of the values chosen by selector (103). A controller (105)  
stores destination of data segment in lead data unit after  
interleaving .

... For orthogonal frequency division multiplex (OFDM) digital  
data broadcasting...

...The interleave releasing apparatus is inexpensive because random  
access memory is not required for storing interleave rule as the  
interleave point is generated by function value generator. High speed  
interleaving is performed since clock frequency is high and also  
function value generator is parallely connected...

...The figure shows the block diagram of interleave release apparatus...

... Address generator (10

Title Terms: INTERLEAVED ;



29/3,K/20 (Item 20 from file: 350)  
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX  
(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

012543561 \*\*Image available\*\*  
WPI Acc No: 1999-349667/199930  
XRPX Acc No: N99-261516

**Financial transaction processing system for transmission of financial information over internet**

Patent Assignee: INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC ); IBM CORP (IBMC )  
Inventor: BENNETT W E; BOEHME R F; KALLNER S; LEVY S E; MATCHEN P M; RYAN M J; THOMPSON R D

Number of Countries: 004 Number of Patents: 005

Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week
GB 2332604	A	19990623	GB 9819159	A	19980902	199930 B
JP 11250146	A	19990917	JP 98325132	A	19981116	199949
US 6092121	A	20000718	US 97993232	A	19971218	200037
GB 2332604	B	20030319	GB 9819159	A	19980902	200321
TW 495680	A	20020721	TW 98116068	A	19980928	200329

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 97993232 A 19971218

Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan	Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
GB 2332604	A		32	H04L-012/46	
JP 11250146	A		12	G06F-017/60	
US 6092121	A			G06F-015/16	
GB 2332604	B			H04L-012/46	
TW 495680	A			G06F-017/00	

Abstract (Basic):

... The system electronically **integrates** data captured in heterogeneous information systems, and transmits that **data** reliably and securely over Internet, between **multiple** diverse servers, to a system for electronically transferring data to heterogeneous information systems. The data...

... A **store** and forward mechanism (39) receives and queues client objects for transmission to remote servers (40...

...from the data contained in the client object. A map server function running on a **remote** computer system **extracts** the data buffer and invokes an appropriate message handler. The remote computer system receives data...

... **Store** and forward mechanism (39

? pause

?

PLEASE ENTER A COMMAND OR BE LOGGED OFF IN 5 MINUTES

?

29/3,K/23 (Item 23 from file: 350)  
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX  
(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

011915703 \*\*Image available\*\*  
WPI Acc No: 1998-332613/199829  
XRPX Acc No: N98-259633

**Intelligent distributed data transfer apparatus - includes series of finite state machines each with programmable logic array for receiving down-loading of control programs and state register for storing state of FSM which receive control signals from integrated distribution control**

Patent Assignee: IND TECHNOLOGY RES INST (INTE-N)

Inventor: HSIEH H

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week
US 5761200	A	19980602	US 93147322	A	19931027	199829 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 93147322 A 19931027

Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
US 5761200	A	17	G06F-013/00	

... machines each with programmable logic array for receiving down-loading of control programs and state register for storing state of FSM which receive control signals from integrated distribution control

...Abstract (Basic): system includes a number of distributed data transfer units for connection to processing units. A **integrated distribution controller** is connected to the **data** transfer units for **monitoring** and controlling timing and **sequence** of transferring **data** in each of the **data** transfer units so the data transfer units transfer the data in divisible portions over a...

...include a series of data bus branches and a bus trunk which connects between an **integrated storage** device and the **integrated distribution control**. The **data** bus branches connect between the **integrated distribution control** and the processing units. The **integrated distribution control** controls and coordinates the timing and **sequence** of **data** transfer from the bus trunk to each of the bus branches. A programmable control, within the **integrated distribution controller**, downloads control programs for changing schemes for controlling the timing of a **sequence** of **data** transfer. The programmable control includes finite state machines (FSMs), for each of the **data** bus branches, with a programable logic **array** for receiving the downloading of control programs and a state **register** for storing a state of the FSMs. Each of the FSMs receives a control signal from the **integrated distribution control**...

...USE - For transferring **data** among **several** processing units and **integrated data storage** device...

...Title Terms: **REGISTER** ;

29/3,K/27 (Item 27 from file: 350)  
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX  
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010742680 \*\*Image available\*\*  
WPI Acc No: 1996-239635/199624  
XRPX Acc No: N96-200531

Information **processing circuit for accessing interleaved storage modules - has multiple bus mastering devices and multiple interleaved memory modules combined to form information processing circuit**  
Patent Assignee: AST RES INC (ASTR-N); SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO LTD (SMSU )  
Inventor: BENNETT B R  
Number of Countries: 023 Number of Patents: 005  
Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week
WO 9613774	A1	19960509	WO 95US10835	A	19950825	199624 B
AU 9534158	A	19960523	AU 9534158	A	19950825	199635
US 5590299	A	19961231	US 94331290	A	19941028	199707
AU 687627	B	19980226	AU 9534158	A	19950825	199821
CA 2203900	C	20000606	CA 2203900	A	19950825	200041
			WO 95US10835	A	19950825	

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 94331290 A 19941028  
Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan	Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
WO 9613774	A1		29	G06F-012/00	
				Designated States (National): AU CA CN JP KR MX	
				Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE	
AU 9534158	A			G06F-012/00	Based on patent WO 9613774
US 5590299	A		17	G06F-012/00	
AU 687627	B			G06F-012/00	Previous Publ. patent AU 9534158
					Based on patent WO 9613774
CA 2203900	C	E		G06F-013/42	Based on patent WO 9613774

Information **processing circuit for accessing interleaved storage modules...**

**...has multiple bus mastering devices and multiple interleaved memory modules combined to form information processing circuit**

**...Abstract (Basic): The circuit includes a system bus, a first and second interleaved memory modules and first and second central processing unit (CPU) modules in communication with the interleaved memory modules via the system bus...**

**...Each of the modules comprises a CPU and a cache memory , an address decoder circuit, an address latch circuit, an address comparator circuit, an interleave register , control circuitry and a bus controller . The bus controller receives signals generated by the control circuitry to cause the CPU module to retain control...**

**...Abstract (Equivalent): An information processing system including multiple bus mastering modules, said system comprising...**

**...a plurality of memory modules in communication with said system bus; and...**

**...mastering modules, wherein each of said bus mastering modules includes a subcircuit which, before an address directed to one of said memory modules is placed on said system bus, monitors said address**

requested by said bus mastering modules, and wherein said subcircuit grants the local bus mastering circuit control of the system bus for a next **data** transfer cycle if a current **memory address** is to a different **memory** module than a previous **address** request...

...Title Terms: **INTERLEAVED** ;

29/3,K/30 (Item 30 from file: 350)  
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX  
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010410571 \*\*Image available\*\*  
WPI Acc No: 1995-311885/199541  
Related WPI Acc No: 1995-256344  
XRPX Acc No: N95-235653

Magnetic disk data storage device with spiral tracks - has  
spiral patterns on opposite surfaces of disk spiralling in opposite  
directions and reads one surface as actuator sweeps in and other surface  
as actuator sweeps out

Patent Assignee: INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC ); IBM CORP (IBMC );  
HITACHI GLOBAL STORAGE TECHNOLOGIES NETH (HITA-N)  
Inventor: BROWN D H; CUNNINGHAM E A; GREENBERG R; OTTESEN H H; SMITH G J;  
VANLEEUEWEN G W; BILLINGS R A; CUNNINGHAM B A; VAN LEEUEWEN G W  
Number of Countries: 010 Number of Patents: 017  
Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week
CA 2138301	A	19950722	CA 2138301	A	19941215	199541 B
EP 701246	A2	19960313	EP 95480084	A	19950713	199615
JP 8063898	A	19960308	JP 95127677	A	19950526	199620
TW 270193	A	19960211	TW 94111744	A	19941215	199621
BR 9503412	A	19960521	BR 953412	A	19950724	199626
EP 701246	A3	19960605	EP 95480084	A	19950713	199632
US 5594924	A	19970114	US 94184417	A	19940121	199709
			US 94288525	A	19940810	
			US 95443838	A	19950518	
US 5619387	A	19970408	US 94184417	A	19940121	199720
			US 94288525	A	19940810	
			US 95444175	A	19950518	
			US 96689582	A	19960812	
US 5630104	A	19970513	US 94184417	A	19940121	199725
			US 94288525	A	19940810	
			US 95444116	A	19950518	
CN 1128386	A	19960807	CN 95104772	A	19950425	199750
CA 2138301	C	19981215	CA 2138301	A	19941215	199909
KR 218611	B1	19990901	KR 9524501	A	19950809	200104
JP 2002140864	A	20020517	JP 95127677	A	19950526	200237
			JP 2001215689	A	19950526	
CN 1359070	A	20020717	CN 95104772	A	19950425	200268
			CN 2001124475	A	19950425	
JP 3532296	B2	20040531	JP 95127677	A	19950526	200436
CN 1077308	C	20020102	CN 95104772	A	19950425	200513
JP 3660612	B2	20050615	JP 95127677	A	19950526	200544
			JP 2001215689	A	20010716	

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 94288525 A 19940810; US 94184417 A  
19940121; US 95443838 A 19950518; US 95444175 A 19950518; US 96689582 A  
19960812; US 95444116 A 19950518

Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan	Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
CA 2138301	A		54	G11B-007/09	
EP 701246	A2 E		24	G11B-005/012	
				Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB	
JP 8063898	A		22	G11B-020/12	
TW 270193	A			G06K-001/00	
BR 9503412	A			G11B-019/20	
EP 701246	A3			G11B-007/09	
US 5594924	A		21	G06F-009/312	CIP of application US 94184417
					Div ex application US 94288525
US 5619387	A		21	G11B-005/55	CIP of application US 94184417



US 5630104	A	21	G06F-017/00	Div ex application US 94288525 Cont of application US 95444175 CIP of application US 94184417 Div ex application US 94288525
CN 1128386	A		G11B-005/00	
CA 2138301	C		G11B-020/12	
KR 218611	B1		G11B-007/26	
JP 2002140864	A	21	G11B-020/10	Div ex application JP 95127677
CN 1359070	A		G06F-012/06	Div ex application CN 95104772
JP 3532296	B2	20	G11B-020/12	Previous Publ. patent JP 8063898
CN 1077308	C		G11B-005/00	
JP 3660612	B2	24	G11B-020/10	Div ex application JP 95127677 Previous Publ. patent JP 2002140864

Magnetic disk data storage device with spiral tracks -

...Abstract (Basic): The device comprises a first and a second magnetic **recording** surface located on a disk rotatably mounted on a spindle, and having an inner and an outer edge. A spindle motor rotates the disk in the predetermined direction. The first **recording** surface is formatted to contain a spiral **data track** spiralling inward from the outer edge. The second **recording** surface is formatted to contain a **data track** spiralling outward from the inner edge toward the outer edge of the disk...

...movable actuator on each side of the disk for accessing data by following the spiral **tracks**. The patterns of the **tracks** on the two surfaces spiral in opposite direction. The **data stored** on the disk is pref. multimedia **data** which does not require a very low error rate ...

...USE/ADVANTAGE - Esp. **storage** of multimedia **data**, e.g. in video-on-demand applications. Provides more efficient **storage** of large amount of multimedia **data** at reduced cost and at more suitable access speed...

...Abstract (Equivalent): A method for providing multimedia presentation **data**, said multimedia presentation being divisible into a **plurality** of portions corresponding to successive time intervals, each said portion being for presentation during the...

...reading a **plurality** of multimedia **data** segments from at least one mass **storage** device, each of said multimedia **data** segments containing multimedia data from a respective one of said portions...

...wherein a **plurality** of multimedia **data** segments contain **data** from each said portion, and wherein successive data segments read during said step of reading a **plurality** of multimedia **data** segments contain **data** from different ones of said **plurality** of portions, the **data** segments containing **data** from a particular one of said **plurality** of portions being **interleaved** among **data** segments containing **data** from other portions...

...selectively transferring each of said multimedia **data** segments to a selected one of a **plurality** of buffers, wherein each of said plurality of buffers corresponds to a respective one of...

...A rotating disk **data storage** device, comprising...

...disk rotatably mounted on a spindle, said at least one disk having a first annular **recording** surface for **recording** magnetically encoded **data**, wherein said **recording** surface is formatted to contain at

least one spiral **data track** , and wherein said **recording** surface is formatted to contain a plurality of angularly spaced imbedded servo patterns, said imbedded servo patterns defining a plurality of concentric **track** centerlines...

...a data transducer mounted on a movable actuator for accessing **data recorded** on said **recording** surface; and...

...a servo feedback system for **positioning** said **data** transducer to follow said spiral **data track** , wherein said servo feedback system derives separate **position error information** from each respective one of said angularly spaced imbedded servo patterns, each said **position error information** representing deviation of said **data** transducer from a concentric **track** centerline defined by said imbedded servo patterns, said deviation being measured at a respective one...

...said angularly spaced imbedded servo patterns, and wherein said servo feedback system adds a spiral **track position** error offset to each said **position error information** derived from each respective one of said angularly spaced imbedded servo patterns, said spiral **track position** error offset being a unique, discrete amount associated with each respective angularly spaced imbedded servo pattern, said unique, discrete amounts varying incrementally as a function of angular **position** of each said respective angularly spaced imbedded servo pattern on said disk...

...a **plurality** of **data** buffers, each of said buffers corresponding to a respective time interval associated with a multimedia presentation, each buffer having a respective output port for outputting multimedia **data stored** in said buffer...

...at least one mass **storage** device for storing a multimedia **data** presentation, wherein multimedia **data stored** on said mass **storage** device comprises a **plurality** of **sequentially stored data** segments, each **data** segment being associated with one of said time intervals...

...wherein a **plurality** of **data** segments is associated with each said time interval, and wherein successive **sequentially stored - data** segments on said at least one mass **storage** device are associated with different ones of said time intervals, the data segments associated with a particular one of said **plurality** of time intervals being **interleaved** among **data** segments associated with other time intervals ...

...at least one data bus connected to said at least one mass **storage** device for communicating multimedia **data** from said at least one mass **storage** device to said buffers...

...a **plurality** of switches connecting said **data** bus with said **plurality** of **data** buffers, each switch being associated with a respective one of said data buffers; and...

...a **controller** for operating said plurality of switches, said **controller** causing a switch associated with a selected data buffer to close when said at least one mass **storage** device outputs a **data** segment on said **data** bus associated with said a time interval corresponding to the selected data buffer...

...Title Terms: STORAGE ;

29/3,K/43 (Item 43 from file: 350)  
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX  
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008954634

WPI Acc No: 1992-081903/199211

XRPX Acc No: N92-061464

Optical disc recording appts. for non contact data reproduction -  
has memory storing input digital data compressed from continuous  
signal with abnormality detectiocircuit to inhibit recording

Patent Assignee: SONY CORP (SONY )

Inventor: ANDO R; MAEDA Y; NAGASHIMA H; HIDEKI N; RYO A; YASUAKI M; ; ANDA  
R

Number of Countries: 026 Number of Patents: 028

Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week	
EP 474377	A	19920311	EP 91307448	A	19910813	199211	B
AU 9182643	A	19920227				199218	
CA 2049768	A	19920225	CA 2049768	A	19910823	199220	
BR 9103599	A	19920512	BR 913599	A	19910822	199226	
ZA 9106158	A	19920624	ZA 916158	A	19910805	199231	
CN 1060174	A	19920408	CN 91109089	A	19910823	199247	
CS 9102545	A2	19921014	CS 912545	A	19910816	199311	
US 5224087	A	19930629	US 91747182	A	19910819	199327	
AU 646483	B	19940224	AU 9182643	A	19910820	199413	
CN 1024856	C	19940601	CN 91109089	A	19910823	199530	
EP 474377	B1	19960327	EP 91307448	A	19910813	199617	
DE 69118282	E	19960502	DE 618282	A	19910813	199623	
			EP 91307448	A	19910813		
ES 2084776	T3	19960516	EP 91307448	A	19910813	199627	
RU 2095856	C1	19971110	SU 5001384	A	19910823	199826	
SG 49892	A1	19980615	SG 968414	A	19910813	199836	
PH 28201	A	19940420	PH 42983	A	19910822	199838	
JP 2000149268	A	20000530	JP 90222824	A	19900824	200033	
			JP 200010333	A	19900824		
JP 2000215455	A	20000804	JP 90222824	A	19900824	200042	
			JP 200010332	A	19900824		
CZ 287024	B6	20000816	CS 912545	A	19910816	200048	
CA 2049768	C	20001024	CA 2049768	A	19910823	200059	
KR 221437	B1	19990915	KR 9114304	A	19910820	200107	
JP 3141242	B2	20010305	JP 90222824	A	19900824	200115	
JP 2003006871	A	20030110	JP 200010332	A	19900824	200315	N
			JP 2002132186	A	19900824		
JP 2003007002	A	20030110	JP 200010333	A	19900824	200315	N
			JP 2002132187	A	19900824		
JP 3405358	B2	20030512	JP 200010332	A	19900824	200333	N
			JP 2002132186	A	19900824		
HU 221964	A	20030528	HU 912780	A	19910823	200345	
JP 3459216	B2	20031020	JP 90222824	A	19900824	200369	
			JP 200010333	A	19900824		
JP 3459215	B2	20031020	JP 90222824	A	19900824	200369	
			JP 200010332	A	19900824		

Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 90222824 A 19900824; JP 200010333  
A 19900824; JP 200010332 A 19900824; JP 2002132186 A 19900824; JP  
2002132187 A 19900824

Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan	Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
EP 474377	A		23		

Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB IT LI NL SE  
CA 2049768 A G11B-007/00

BR 9103599	A		G11B-007/00	
ZA 9106158	A	48	G11B-000/00	
CN 1060174	A		G11B-020/10	
CS 9102545	A2		G11B-020/10	
US 5224087	A	18	G11B-007/00	
AU 646483	B		G11B-020/10	Previous Publ. patent AU 9182643
CN 1024856	C		G11B-020/10	
EP 474377	B1 E	21	G11B-020/10	
Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB IT LI NL SE				
DE 69118282	E		G11B-020/10	Based on patent EP 474377
ES 2084776	T3		G11B-020/10	Based on patent EP 474377
RU 2095856	C1	8	G11B-007/00	
SG 49892	A1		G11B-020/10	
PH 28201	A		G11B-007/00	
JP 2000149268	A	11	G11B-007/0045	Div ex application JP 90222824
JP 2000215455	A	11	G11B-007/0045	Div ex application JP 90222824
CZ 287024	B6		G11B-020/10	Previous Publ. patent CS 9102545
CA 2049768	C E		G11B-007/00	
KR 221437	B1		G11B-020/10	
JP 3141242	B2	16	G11B-020/12	Previous Publ. patent JP 4105273
JP 2003006871	A	14	G11B-007/0045	Div ex application JP 200010332
JP 2003007002	A	13	G11B-020/12	Div ex application JP 200010333
JP 3405358	B2	14	G11B-020/10	Div ex application JP 200010332
				Previous Publ. patent JP 2003006871
HU 221964	A		G11B-020/10	
JP 3459216	B2	11	G11B-007/0045	Div ex application JP 90222824
				Previous Publ. patent JP 2000149268
JP 3459215	B2	11	G11B-007/0045	Div ex application JP 90222824
				Previous Publ. patent JP 2000215455

**Optical disc recording appts. for non contact data reproduction...**

...has memory storing input digital data compressed from continuous signal with abnormality detectiocircuit to inhibit recording

...Abstract (Basic): The appts. records on an optical disc (2) having a memory (14) for storing input digital data compressed from a continuous signal. A signal encoder (15) arranges data from memory (14...

...The arrangement is multiple clusters at an interval of a set number of sectors annexing to each a linking sector. The cluster data is interleaved for the recording circuit (3, 4...

...An abnormality detection circuit (30) acts through a controller (7) to inhibit recording upon detection of abnormality. This performs a read out control of the memory.

...Abstract (Equivalent): An optical disc recording apparatus for recording digital data on a disc-shaped recording medium (2) by optical means, the apparatus comprising: memory means (14) in which input data digitised from continuous signals are sequentially written and from which the input data thus written are read out as record data having a transfer rate higher than the transfer rate of said input digital data; signal processing means (15) for arranging digital data read out from said memory means (14) into a plurality of clusters at an interval of a predetermined number of sectors, each cluster comprising a plurality of digital data sectors, annexing to each of said clusters a dummy data cluster-linking sector so that a linking portion to each cluster is longer than an interleaving length of an interleaving operation for said digital data, and for



processing the **data** of said cluster by the **interleaving** operation;  
**recording** means (3, 4) for **recording** digital **data** obtained from  
said signal processing means (15) on said medium (2); abnormality  
detection means (30) for detecting abnormalities in the **recording**  
operation in said **recording** means (3, 4); resetting control means (7)  
for inhibiting said **recording** operation and for resetting said  
**recording** means (3, 4) from an abnormal state to a normal state in  
dependence upon detection of an abnormality by said abnormality  
detection means (30); **memory** control means (7) for performing a  
read-out control of said **memory** means (14) for reading a  
predetermined amount of said **recording data** on a cluster-by-cluster  
basis when an amount of said **input digital data stored** in said  
**memory** means (14) exceeds a present first predetermined amount of data  
to maintain a writable space larger than a second predetermined amount  
of **data** in said **memory** means (14); and **recording** control means  
(7) for performing a **recording position** control for continuously  
**recording** the digital **data** intermittently read out cluster by  
cluster from said **memory** means (14) by said **memory** control means  
(7) on a **recording track** of said medium (2...

...Abstract (Equivalent): The optical disc **recording** appts. includes a  
**memory** control **device** for performing a readout control of the  
**memory** for reading a predetermined amount of the **recording data** on  
a cluster-by-cluster basis when an amount of the **input digital data**  
**stored** in the **memory** exceeds a present first predetermined amount  
of **data** , to maintain a writable space larger than a second  
predetermined amount of **data** in the **memory** . A **recording** unit  
continuously lrecords digital **data** encoded by the signal processor  
on a **recording track** of the disc-shaped **recording** medium...

...An abnormality detector detects abnormalities in the **recording**  
operation. A resetting control device is connected to the **recording**  
and abnormality detector for inhibiting the **recording** operation and  
for resetting the **recording** unit from an abnormal state to a normal  
state upon detection of an abnormality by...

...USE - For recording compressed digital **information** to optical disc...

...Title Terms: **RECORD** ;

29/3,K/44 (Item 44 from file: 350)  
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX  
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008939271 \*\*Image available\*\*  
WPI Acc No: 1992-066540/199209  
XRPX Acc No: N92-049966

Disc recording and reproducing appts. for time compressed digital data  
- uses temporary store to read out multiple clusters that are annexed  
at linking portions with sector longer than interleaving data  
length

Patent Assignee: SONY CORP (SONY )  
Inventor: ANDO R; FUJIIIE K; FUJISAWA H; MAEDA Y; MUKAWA H; NAGASHIMA H;  
OBATA H; YOSHIDA T

Number of Countries: 016 Number of Patents: 015

Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week
EP 472343	A	19920226	EP 91307446	A	19910813	199209 B
AU 9182650	A	19920227				199218
CA 2049280	A	19920225	CA 2049280	A	19910815	199220
CN 1059224	A	19920304	CN 91105980	A	19910823	199243
US 5243588	A	19930907	US 91746787	A	19910816	199337
AU 646879	B	19940310	AU 9182650	A	19910820	199415
US 5363362	A	19941108	US 91746787	A	19910816	199444
			US 9348359	A	19930415	
CN 1026532	C	19941109	CN 91105980	A	19910823	199544
EP 472343	B1	19960320	EP 91307446	A	19910813	199616
DE 69118050	E	19960425	DE 618050	A	19910813	199622
			EP 91307446	A	19910813	
RU 2054203	C1	19960210	SU 5001474	A	19910823	199645
SG 49885	A1	19980615	SG 968142	A	19910813	199836
CA 2049280	C	20001031	CA 2049280	A	19910815	200060
JP 3141241	B2	20010305	JP 90222821	A	19900824	200115
KR 242901	B1	20000201	KR 9114301	A	19910820	200118

Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 90222821 A 19900824

Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan	Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
EP 472343	A				
Designated States (Regional): AT CH DE FR GB IT LI NL					
CA 2049280	A			G11B-007/00	
CN 1059224	A			G11B-020/12	
US 5243588	A	15		G11B-005/09	
AU 646879	B			G11B-007/00	Previous Publ. patent AU 9182650
US 5363362	A	15		G11B-005/09	Div ex application US 91746787
					Div ex patent US 5243588
CN 1026532	C			G11B-020/12	
EP 472343	B1 E	19		G11B-007/00	
Designated States (Regional): AT CH DE FR GB IT LI NL					
DE 69118050	E			G11B-007/00	Based on patent EP 472343
RU 2054203	C1	7		G11B-027/00	
SG 49885	A1			G11B-007/00	
CA 2049280	C E			G11B-007/00	
JP 3141241	B2	14		G11B-020/12	Previous Publ. patent JP 4105271
KR 242901	B1			G11B-007/00	

Disc recording and reproducing appts. for time compressed digital data  
- ...

...uses temporary store to read out multiple clusters that are annexed at

linking portions with sector longer than interleaving data length

...Abstract (Basic): The equipment includes a **store** (14) for temporarily storing digital **data**. Digital **data** is arranged (15) to read out from the **store** into multiple of clusters. They are arranged at an interval of set **sectors**. Cluster linking **sections** are annexed at linking portions of each of the clusters. Each cluster-linking **sector** is longer than an **interleaving** length for the digital **data**.

...  
...The digital data is processed within each of the clusters by **interleaving** and **recording interleaved data** on the medium (2...

...USE - For optically **recorded** digital **data**. (19pp Dwg.No.1/9)

...Abstract (Equivalent): A disc **recording** apparatus for **recording** time compressed digital **data** on a disc-shaped **recording** medium (2), the apparatus comprising: **storage** means (14) for temporarily storing **input data** digitized from continuous signals **sequentially** written thereto and from which the **input data** thus written are read out as **record data** having a transfer rate higher than the transfer rate of said input digital data; and means (15) for arranging said digital **data** read out from said **storage** means (14) into a plurality of clusters (C) means (15) for arranging said digital **data** read out from said **storage** means (14) into a plurality of clusters (C) at an interval of a predetermined number of **sectors**, each cluster comprising a **plurality** of digital **data sectors**, annexing dummy **data** cluster-linking **sectors** at linking portions of each of said clusters (C), each of said cluster-linking **sectors** being longer than an **interleaving** length for said digital **data** subsequently processing the **data** within each of said clusters (C) by **interleaving**, and **recording interleaved data** on said medium (2...

...Abstract (Equivalent): compressed digital data are arranged in clusters at an interval of a predetermined number of **sectors**. A cluster-linking **sector** having a length longer than an **interleaving** length is provided at each linking part of each cluster, and the digital **data** are subsequently **interleaved** and **recorded** on a disc-shaped **recording** medium so that **interleaving** at the time of **data recording** on the cluster-by-cluster basis is within the range of the cluster-linking **sector**.

...Appts. is provided for reproducing digital data by an optical unit in which playback **data** are obtained by reproducing **record data recorded** on a disc-shaped **recording** medium in such a manner that a cluster-linking **sector** longer than an **interleaving** length is provided in a linking **section** of each cluster composed of a predetermined number of **sectors**.

...ADVANTAGE - Continuous **recording** and reproduction for sufficiently long time is possible even with use of small disc. Processing complexity due to **interleaving** at time of **recording** compressed audio **data** on disc avoided...

...The apparatus for processing digital **data** to be **recorded** on a disc-shaped **recording** medium includes a **storage** device for transiently storing the digital **data** and a device for **sequentially** reading out bursts of the digital **data** from the **storage** device. Each of the bursts includes a cluster of a predetermined number of **sectors** of **data**, and cluster linking **sectors** concatenated with the cluster. An **interleaving** device receives and processes each of the

bursts, by **interleaving** cluster **data** in accordance with an **interleaving** period, for **recording** on the disc-shaped **recording** medium. The cluster linking **sectors** concatenated with the cluster of each of the bursts have time duration longer than the **interleaving** period...

...A **controller** is provided for controlling readout of the **storage** device. The **controller** operates in a mode in which, when the **storage** device contains more than a first predetermined amount of data, the **controller** causes a first amount of digital **data** to be continuously read from the **storage** device to perpetual maintain a **writing** space in excess of a second predetermined amount of **data** in the **storage** device...

...USE/ADVANTAGE - for optical disc e.g. CD. Allows continuous **recording** and reproduction for sufficient time even with small disc e.g. over 70 min. Avoids processing complexity due to **interleaving** at **recording** compressed audio **data** . Minimises changes in control or signal processing operations brought about as result of switching selection

...Title Terms: **RECORD** ;

29/3,K/48 (Item 48 from file: 350)  
 DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX  
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007714333 \*\*Image available\*\*

WPI Acc No: 1988-348265/198849

Related WPI Acc No: 1991-255137; 1991-269410; 1991-269411; 1991-269412

XRPX Acc No: N88-263948

Data processing e.g. for personal computer or word processor - holding  
 commands from host computer in controller register and handling  
 double-encoded interleaved data by error correction processor

Patent Assignee: SONY CORP (SONY )

Inventor: FURUHASHI M; YAMAOKA K

Number of Countries: 009 Number of Patents: 020

Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week	
GB 2205423	A	19881207	GB 8812941	A	19880601	198849	B
DE 3818881	A	19890112	DE 3818881	A	19880603	198904	
JP 63302628	A	19881209	JP 87139122	A	19870603	198904	
AU 8816760	A	19881208				198905	
FR 2616247	A	19881209				198905	
GB 2205423	B	19920219				199208	
AU 9210813	A	19920416	AU 9210813	A	19920207	199225	
			AU 8816760	A	19880000		
AU 9210814	A	19920416	AU 9210814	A	19920207	199225	
			AU 8816760	A	19880000		
AU 9210815	A	19920416	AU 9210815	A	19920207	199225	
			AU 8816760	A	19880000		
CA 1317029	C	19930427	CA 568383	A	19880602	199322	
CA 1321651	C	19930824	CA 568383	A	19880602	199340	
			CA 616299	A	19920124		
CA 1321837	C	19930831	CA 568383	A	19880602	199341	
			CA 616298	A	19920124		
CA 1325282	C	19931214	CA 568383	A	19880602	199405	
			CA 616297	A	19920124		
US 5287468	A	19940215	US 88201414	A	19880602	199407	
			US 91784144	A	19911030		
AU 648639	B	19940428	AU 9210814	A	19920207	199422	
			AU 8816760	A	19880000		
AU 648640	B	19940428	AU 9210815	A	19920207	199422	
			AU 8816760	A	19880000		
AU 648866	B	19940505	AU 9210813	A	19920207	199423	
			AU 8816760	A	19880000		
SG 9500265	A	19951222	SG 95265	A	19950217	199611	
US 5548599	A	19960820	US 88201414	A	19880602	199639	
			US 90580332	A	19900910		
			US 93103824	A	19930809		
KR 120823	B1	19971029	KR 886685	A	19880603	199948	

Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 87201031 A 19870813; JP 87139122 A  
 19870603; JP 87139124 A 19870603

Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan	Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
GB 2205423	A		83		
AU 9210813	A			G06F-011/08	Div ex application AU 8816760
AU 9210814	A			G06F-009/22	Div ex application AU 8816760
AU 9210815	A			G06F-011/08	Div ex application AU 8816760
CA 1321651	C			G06F-013/12	Div ex application CA 568383
CA 1321837	C			G06F-013/12	Div ex application CA 568383
CA 1325282	C			G06F-011/08	Div ex application CA 568383
US 5287468	A	27		G06F-009/22	Cont of application US 88201414



AU 648639	B	G06F-009/22	Div ex application AU 8816760 Previous Publ. patent AU 9210814
AU 648640	B	G06F-011/08	Div ex application AU 8816760 Previous Publ. patent AU 9210815
AU 648866	B	G06F-011/08	Div ex application AU 8816760 Previous Publ. patent AU 9210813
SG 9500265	A		Previous Publ. patent GB 2241363
US 5548599	A	26 G11B-020/18	Div ex application US 88201414 Cont of application US 90580332
CA 1317029	C	G06F-003/06	
KR 120823	B1	G06F-011/00	

... holding commands from host computer in controller register and handling double-encoded interleaved data by error correction processor

...Abstract (Basic): The data processing method involves storing simplified commands from a host computer in a command **register**, interpreting the commands into a series of microprograms and receiving or transmitting the information data from or to the host computer. The **information data** processed for **storage** or retrieval into or from a **recording** medium according to the series of microprograms...

...The apparatus includes **register** for storing simplified commands from a host computer and a device for interpreting the commands...

...provided for receiving or transmitting the information data from or to the host computer. The **data** is processed for **storage** or retrieval into or from a **recording** medium according to the series of microprograms...

...ADVANTAGE - Error correction capability for burst errors is improved. **Data** can be **recorded** or reproduced efficiently without lowering processing efficiency of host computer...

...Abstract (Equivalent): codes being transmitted a plurality of times, the method comprising the steps of; receiving the **information data** a **plurality** of times; and decoding the error detection or correction codes of the received information data...

...Abstract (Equivalent): An apparatus for reproducing error correction encoded **information data** recorded on tracks of a **recording** medium under the control of a host computer, comprising...

...means for receiving from the host computer, at a first time, a first **track** number of a first **track** from which first **recorded** error correction encoded **information data** is to be reproduced, and, at a second time, a second **track** number of a second **track** from which second **recorded** error correction encoded **information data** is to be reproduced...

...means for moving a reproducing pickup means with regard to the **recording** medium to the first **track** or to the second **track** ;  
...

...means for reproducing the first **recorded** error correction encoded **information data** from the **recording** medium as a reproduced signal  
...

...a **memory** for storing the first error correction encoded **information data**; and...

...means for decoding error correction codes of the **stored** first error correction encoded **information data** during movement of the

reproducing pickup means to the second **track** .

...

...The **data** processing system has an external **data storage** medium, and includes a host computer generating macrocommand instructions for initiating **data** transfer between the host computer and the **storage** medium. Each macrocommand instruction represents series of predetermined instructions to be executed as a microprogram routine. A **memory stores data** from the host computer for subsequent **recording** on the **storage** medium and **stores data** reproduced from the **storage** medium for subsequent supply to the host computer...

...A **memory controller** responds to a respective set of microprogram instruction steps to control the supply of the **data** to and from the **memory** and includes control **data storage** to indicate a start **address** in the **memory** and a desired number of **data** to be transferred. The **data** transferred to and from the **memory** is **stored** in and retrieved from, respectively, **addresses** in the **memory** starting from the start **address** and having a number corresponding to the number of data to be transferred...

...ADVANTAGE - Lower control dependency on host computer; **recording** /reproduction performed efficiently without lowering processing efficiency of host computer; error correction capability for burst

...Title Terms: **REGISTER** ;

29/3,K/51 (Item 51 from file: 350)  
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX  
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004332432  
WPI Acc No: 1985-159310/198526  
XRPX Acc No: N85-120121

**Disc reproducing apparatus with RAM controller - has memory for storing main and subsidiary digitally reproduced data**

Patent Assignee: SONY CORP (SONY ); FURUYA T (FURU-I)

Inventor: FURUKAWA S; FURUYA T; HORI K

Number of Countries: 016 Number of Patents: 012

Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week
WO 8502707	A	19850620	WO 84JP594	A	19841214	198526 B
AU 8537811	A	19850626				198536
BR 8407223	A	19851126				198602
EP 166785	A	19860108	EP 85900188	A	19850000	198602
HU 37520	T	19851227				198607
DK 8503715	A	19850815				198630
US 4977550	A	19901211	US 88291415	A	19881222	199101
EP 166785	B	19920304				199210
DE 3485541	G	19920409				199216
KR 9210188	B1	19921119	WO 84JP594	A	19841214	199414
			KR 85700166	A	19850816	
DK 169452	B	19941031	WO 84JP594	A	19841214	199442
			DK 853715	A	19850815	
SG 9590375	A	19950818	SG 9590375	A	19950301	199544

Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 83243486 A 19831223; JP 83237370 A 19831216

Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan	Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
WO 8502707	A	J	29		
				Designated States (National): AU BE DK HU KR US	
				Designated States (Regional): AT CH DE FR GB NL SE	
EP 166785	A	E			
				Designated States (Regional): AT CH DE FR GB LI NL SE	
EP 166785	B				
				Designated States (Regional): AT CH DE FR GB LI NL SE	
DK 169452	B			G11B-020/10	Previous Publ. patent DK 8503715
SG 9590375	A				Previous Publ. patent EP 166785
KR 9210188	B1			G11B-020/10	

**Disc reproducing apparatus with RAM controller - ...**

**...has memory for storing main and subsidiary digitally reproduced data**

**...Abstract (Basic):** The apparatus generates a **write** clock synchronised with a disk reproducing signal, and a read clock having a predetermined period. A buffer **memory** has the main and subsidiary digital **data**, which have been reproduced from the disk, written and read out in response to the read clock, and effects de- **interleaving** of the main digital **data**.

...

**...A control device is adapted for finding the reproduction position of the main digital data in accordance with the subsidiary digital data read out from the buffer memory. Further, a buffer memory into which the subsidiary data is written may be constituted by an FIFO**

buffer **register** which is provided separately from the buffer **memory**

...Abstract (Equivalent): on which main digital data and subsidiary digital data for selectively reproducing the main digital **data** are **recorded** in **multiplex** fashion, the apparatus comprising a disc playback device for reproducing said main digital data and...

...and for receiving said reproduced main digital data and subsidiary digital data and subsidiary digital **data** ; a decoding circuit including a **write** clock generating circuit (23,24) connected to said **input** circuit for generating a **write** clock synchronised with said reproduced main digital **data** , a read clock generating circuit (31,32) for generating a read clock having a predetermined period, and a **memory** circuit (25) connected to said **input** circuit (21) for having said reproduced main digital data written therein and read therefrom in response, respectively, to **write address data** and read **address data** corresponding to said **write** clock and said read clock so that reproduced main digital **data** is de-**interleaved** to be decoded; and a control circuit (35) connected to said disc playback device and for searching a **position** to be reproduced of said reproduced main digital data on the basis of said reproduced subsidiary digital **data** ; wherein said **memory** circuit (25) also has said reproduced subsidiary digital data written therein without said reproduced subsidiary data having been separated from said main digital **data** in response to said **write address data** and read **address data** corresponding to said **write** clock and said read clock, respectively, and a decoding circuit (30) is provided connected to said **memory** circuit (25) for receiving said reproduced subsidiary digital **data** from said **memory** circuit (25) and for separating said reproduced subsidiary digital data from said reproduced main digital...

...Abstract (Equivalent): The apparatus plays back from a disc main digital data and subsidiary digital **data** to reproduce the main digital **data recorded** in **multiplex** fashion. The appts. incorporates a **write** clock generator for generating a clock synchronized with a reproduced signal from the disc. A read clock generator generates a read clock with a predetermined period. A buffer **memory** is provided into which main digital **data** and subsidiary signal data reproduced from the disc are written and read out in response to the read clock so as to de-**interleave** the main digital **data** .

...

...A control unit seeks a **position** to be reproduced in the main digital **data** in response to the subsidiary digital **data** read out from the buffer **memory** . The buffer **memory** into which the subsidiary digital **data** is written is a FIFO buffer **register** which is provided separately from the buffer **memory** into which the main digital data is written

...Title Terms: **MEMORY** ;

29/3,K/53 (Item 53 from file: 350)  
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX  
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004051473

WPI Acc No: 1984-197015/198432

XRPX Acc No: N84-147115

**Video switching system for asynchronous digital transmission - uses common bus for terminals for transmission of data packet of identifiers for addressing purposes**

Patent Assignee: DEVAULT M (DEVA-I); GERALD B (GERA-I)

Inventor: GERARD B; ROUAUD Y

Number of Countries: 012 Number of Patents: 007

Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week
FR 2538984	A	19840706	FR 8222122	A	19821230	198432 B
JP 59135954	A	19840804	JP 8413	A	19840104	198437
EP 126196	A	19841128	EP 83402566	A	19831230	198448
US 4566095	A	19860121	US 83566433	A	19831228	198606
CA 1211824	A	19860923				198643
EP 126196	B	19870616				198724
DE 3372156	G	19870723				198730

Priority Applications (No Type Date): FR 8222122 A 19821230

Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan	Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
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FR 2538984	A		25		
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EP 126196	A	F			
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Designated States (Regional): BE CH DE GB IT LI NL SE

EP 126196	B	F			
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Designated States (Regional): BE CH DE GB IT LI NL SE

... **uses common bus for terminals for transmission of data packet of identifiers for addressing purposes**

...Abstract (Basic): He) and frame sync (Se) signals are also obtained. The frame sync. signal resets a **sequence** generator (112). The **data** is then **recorded** in 8 bit words in **registers** (135,136) and into two other **registers** (133,134) through a multiplexer (132...

...A wait file (14) using a RAM (141) is controlled from a **controller** (142) which generates the **addresses** and read or **write** signals. This ensures that **data** flow constraints are **accounted** for. Input (143) and output (144,145) **registers** provide temporary **storage** for synchronisation of the access **memories**. A bus access unit (15) contains a **sequencer** (151) which ensures that a complete **data packet** is ready for transmission on the bus...

...USE - For point to point communication of **integrated information** channels. (25pp twg.No.0/13...

...Time division multiplex switching network for asynchronous digital transmission system comprising: a plurality of incoming **multiplex** highways each including asynchronous channels carrying **packets** made up of **data** and a label and a **plurality** of outgoing **multiplex** highways each including asynchronous channels carrying **packets** made up of data and a label incoming and outgoing switching terminal equipments respectively connected...

...is in the respective in incoming switching terminal equipment converted by means of a control **memory** into an **identifier** intended to be



decode din the outgoing switching terminal equipment and composed of three words...

...to be switched to several calling parties, a second word selecting the number of the **addressed** outgoing multiplex highway or not having any significance according to the first word value, and a third word characterising the number of the **address** outgoing asynchronous channel of the numbers of several outgoing asynchronous channels in the case of a diffusing switching and in that means for decoding the **identifier** are provided in each outgoing switching terminal equipment in order to allow, on the one...

...intended for said equipment as a function of the second and third words of the **identifier** and, on the other hand, to a control memroy in said equipment, to process the...

...Abstract (Equivalent): Time division multiplex switching network for asynchronous digital transmission system comprising: a plurality of incoming **multiplex** highways each including asynchronous channels carrying **packets** made up of **data** and a label and a **plurality** of outgoing **multiplex** highways each including asynchronous channels carrying **packets** made up of data and a label incoming and outgoing switching terminal equipments respectively connected...

...is in the respective in incoming switching terminal equipment converted by means of a control **memory** into an **identifier** intended to be decode din the outgoing switching terminal equipment and composed of three words...

...to be switched to several calling parties, a second word selecting the number of the **addressed** outgoing multiplex highway or not having any significance according to the first word value, and a third word characterising the number of the **address** outgoing asynchronous channel of the numbers of several outgoing asynchronous channels in the case of a diffusing switching and in that means for decoding the **identifier** are provided in each outgoing switching terminal equipment in order to allow, on the one...

...intended for said equipment as a function of the second and third words of the **identifier** and, on the other hand, to a control memroy in said equipment, to process the...

...Abstract (Equivalent): switching, data switching between a single calling party and a number of called parties, and **data** switching between **several** calling parties and a single called party. The network comprises several incoming and outgoing time division multiplex highways including asynchronous channels each formed by a **packet data** and an **address** label (j.k...

...ADVANTAGE - Economical in **memory** .

(  
...Title Terms: **IDENTIFY** ;

29/3,K/55 (Item 55 from file: 350)  
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX  
(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

003350062

WPI Acc No: 1982-K8083E/198233

**Cyclically operating data processing system - has multi-phase subroutine control providing concurrent execution of tasks**

Patent Assignee: BURROUGHS CORP (BURS )

Inventor: DONSUNG R K

Number of Countries: 007 Number of Patents: 005

Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week
EP 57313	A	19820811	EP 81304888	A	19811020	198233 B
US 4467410	A	19840821	US 81231554	A	19810204	198436
EP 57313	B	19850717				198529
DE 3171418	G	19850822				198535
US 4649472	A	19870310	US 84589298	A	19840314	198712

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 81231554 A 19810204

Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan	Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
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EP 57313	A	E	32		
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Designated States (Regional): BE DE FR GB IT NL

EP 57313	B	E			
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Designated States (Regional): BE DE FR GB IT NL

...Abstract (Basic): a number of tasks each including one or more subroutines. The system includes a subroutine **controller** having a return **address store** for each tank and a return **address** control responsive to a subroutine entry indication and a task **identification** indication when a task arrives at the beginning of a subroutine- for determining a return **address** for the indicated subroutine and for storing this return **address** in the corresponding **store**. The control is also responsive to the same indications when a task arrives at the end of a subroutine for causing a particular return **address stored** in the respective **store** to be accessed and applied to the system...

...a number of successive cycles so as to permit the storing and accessing of return **addresses** w.r.t. the **store** to occur concurrently in a phased manner for a number of tasks.

...Abstract (Equivalent): A subroutine control circuit for the receipt, **storage** and ordered retrieval of a **sequence** of subroutine return **addresses** (RA) for a corresponding linked and nested **sequence** of subroutines in a **data** processing system including a **plurality** of **data** processors controlled by a common clock signal, each of said processors being operable to perform one out of a corresponding **plurality** of simultaneously **interleaved data** processing operations each consisting in the performance on successive cycles of said common clock signal...

...of processors where each of said plurality of processors is coupled to provide said return **address** (RA) to said circuit in the form of a present microinstruction **address** (PA) together with an **address** offset to be added to said present micro-instruction **address** to provide said return **address**

...

...s (RA), each of said processors utilizing a micro-programme **sequence** of independently **addressable** microinstructions, said circuit

including a stack **store** (50) coupled to receive an **input** return **address** (RA3) from said system, operable to **store** said **input** return **address** (RA3) in response to the receipt from said system of subroutine entry indication (E3), and...

...said system of a subroutine return indication (R3) to provide as output the next previously **stored** retrieved return **address** (RA), said circuit being characterized by comprising a plurality of stages (S-1, S-2

...Abstract (Equivalent): subroutine hardware includes a multi-level stack for each task and a fast access return **address register** which permits a return **address** to be rapidly made available when required during execution of a task...

...subroutine hardware includes a multi-level stack for each task and a fast access return **address register** which permits a return **address** to be rapidly made available when required during execution of a task  
...

29/3,K/64 (Item 64 from file: 347)  
DIALOG(R)File 347:JAPIO  
(c) 2005 JPO & JAPIO. All rts. reserv.

03041345 \*\*Image available\*\*  
DATA COMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT FOR VEHICLE

PUB. NO.: 02-016845 [JP 2016845 A]  
PUBLISHED: January 19, 1990 (19900119)  
INVENTOR(s): ABE NORIYUKI  
APPLICANT(s): NISSAN MOTOR CO LTD [000399] (A Japanese Company or  
Corporation), JP (Japan)  
APPL. NO.: 63-165993 [JP 88165993]  
FILED: July 05, 1988 (19880705)  
JOURNAL: Section: E, Section No. 909, Vol. 14, No. 161, Pg. 22, March  
28, 1990 (19900328)

#### ABSTRACT

... reduce the burden of a control processing and to simplify equipment constitution by executing the **writing** and reading of **data** with common **memories** integrated in plural communication equipments...

...CONSTITUTION: CPU outputs **data** to be written to a **write data register** 57 through a **data** bus 21a, outputs **address information** to an indirect **register** 53 and outputs a **write** signal WR through a **write** line 17a. When the signal WR is **inputted** through the line 17a, an access timing **controller** 43 outputs a **memory write** signal 43e to a decentralized shared **memory** 45, and an **address** decoder 55 outputs **address information** from the **register** 53 to the **memory** 45. A **controller** 43 outputs an output switching signal 43c to the decoder 55 and outputs **address information** from the decoder 55 only in the period when the signal 43c is in H. The **controller** 43 outputs the signal to the **register** 57 in synchronism with the period of H of the signal 43c. The **register** 57 outputs **data information** from CPU11a to the **memory** 45 in synchronism with an output enable signal 43a and **stores data information** from the **register** 57 with respect to the **address** which the **register** 53 has designated.

29/3,K/65 (Item 65 from file: 347)  
DIALOG(R)File 347:JAPIO  
(c) 2005 JPO & JAPIO. All rts. reserv.

02335003 \*\*Image available\*\*

**DATA RECORDING SYSTEM FOR NUMERICAL CONTROLLER**

PUB. NO.: 62-251903 [JP 62251903 A]  
PUBLISHED: November 02, 1987 (19871102)  
INVENTOR(s): SAKAMOTO EIICHIRO  
TANIGUCHI RYOSAKU  
APPLICANT(s): MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORP [000601] (A Japanese Company or  
Corporation), JP (Japan)  
APPL. NO.: 61-096330 [JP 8696330]  
FILED: April 25, 1986 (19860425)  
JOURNAL: Section: P, Section No. 692, Vol. 12, No. 129, Pg. 78, April  
21, 1988 (19880421)

**DATA RECORDING SYSTEM FOR NUMERICAL CONTROLLER**

**ABSTRACT**

PURPOSE: To **integrate plural** various kinds of information in a single **file** by identifying production **information records** and control **data records** with respective **record** numbers of **records** constituting the **file** formed on a **storage** medium...

...CONSTITUTION: Numerical control **data** is **stored** in even **records** constituting a **file** having **file** number 1 of numerical control **data**, and production **information** is **stored** in odd **records**. A **record** is read out from a **magnetic disk** 1a by the request from a numerical control NC device **controller** 2, and it is discriminated whether the current **record** number is odd or not. If not, **data** in this **record** is discriminated as numerical control **data** to save the **memory** of a personal computer PC 1. If it is odd, the **record** is skipped. When all **records** are read out, the **file** is closed, and control data is transferred from the PC 1 to the **controller** 2 and is transferred furthermore to an NC device 3.

34/3,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 350)  
DIALOG(R) File 350:Derwent WPIX  
(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

016403020 \*\*Image available\*\*  
WPI Acc No: 2004-560931/200454  
XRPX Acc No: N04-443850

**Prefetch generating method for e.g. computer system, involves  
speculatively executing code through thread and issuing prefetch for  
memory reference to load cache line into cache if target reference  
address is resolved**

Patent Assignee: SUN MICROSYSTEMS INC (SUNM ); CHAUDHRY S (CHAU-I);  
TREMBLAY M (TREM-I)

Inventor: CHAUDHRY S; TREMBLAY M

Number of Countries: 107 Number of Patents: 003

Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week
US 20040133767	A1	20040708	US 2002436492	P	20021224	200454 B
			US 2003741949	A	20031219	
WO 200459473	A2	20040715	WO 2003US40598	A	20031219	200454
AU 2003303438	A1	20040722	AU 2003303438	A	20031219	200476

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2002436492 P 20021224; US  
2003741949 A 20031219

Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan	Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
US 20040133767	A1		10	G06F-009/00	Provisional application US 2002436492

WO 200459473 A2 E G06F-009/40

Designated States (National): AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BW BY BZ  
CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE EG ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID  
IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ  
NI NO NZ OM PG PH PL PT RO RU SC SD SE SG SK SL SY TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA  
UG UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM ZW

Designated States (Regional): AT BE BG BW CH CY CZ DE DK EA EE ES FI FR  
GB GH GM GR HU IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT RO SD SE SI SK SL SZ TR  
TZ UG ZM ZW

AU 2003303438 A1 G06F-009/40 Based on patent WO 200459473

... for e.g. computer system, involves speculatively executing code  
through thread and issuing prefetch for memory reference to load cache  
line into cache if target reference address is resolved

Abstract (Basic):

... The method involves executing code via one **thread** running on a  
processor supporting simultaneous **multithreading**. The code from the  
point of a stall is speculatively executed through another thread upon  
encountering the stall during code execution via former thread. A  
prefetch is issued for a **memory** reference to load a cache line into a  
cache if the target **address** for the reference is resolved upon  
encountering the reference.

... Used for generating a prefetch **stored** in a computer readable  
**storage** medium e.g. **disk** drive, **magnetic tape**, CD, and DVD, of a  
computer system, a mainframe computer, a digital signal processor, a  
portable computing device, a personal organizer, a device **controller**,  
and a computational engine...

...other long latency instructions during the speculative execution,  
because the instructions are unlikely to affect **address** computations.  
The prefetch operations performed during the speculative execution are



likely to improve subsequent system performance during non-speculative execution. Instructions update a shadow **register** file instead of updating an architectural **register** file during speculative execution of the code so that the execution does not affect the architectural state of the processor. The processor supports simultaneous **multithreading** , which enables **multiple threads** to execute concurrently through time- **multiplexed interleaving** in a single processor pipeline...

...Title Terms: **MEMORY** ;

34/3,K/3 (Item 3 from file: 350)  
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX  
(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

016319217 \*\*Image available\*\*  
WPI Acc No: 2004-477112/200445  
XRPX Acc No: N04-375848

Memory packets interleaving method for network processing device  
e.g. router, involves accessing memory banks in sequence based on  
clock cycle sequencing to precharge banks while other banks are being  
accessed during memory cycle

Patent Assignee: FORCE 10 NETWORKS INC (FORC-N)  
Inventor: LEE E; SIKDAR S  
Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001  
Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week
US 6745277	B1	20040601	US 2000679266	A	20001004	200445 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2000679266 A 20001004

Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
US 6745277	B1	12	G06F-012/00	

Memory packets interleaving method for network processing device  
e.g. router, involves accessing memory banks in sequence based on  
clock cycle sequencing to precharge banks while other banks are being  
accessed during memory cycle

Abstract (Basic):

... The method involves identifying any of multiple writes and multiple reads for a memory cycle that needs to access the same memory banks. Clock cycles are sequenced for the identified writes and reads during the memory cycle. The banks are accessed during the memory cycle in sequence based on the sequencing so that the banks are precharged during the cycle while other banks are being accessed...

... Used for interleaving packets in a memory having multiple memory banks (claimed) of a network processing device e.g. router, switch, concentrator, and gateway...

...The interleaving method is intelligent and preserves the memory bus bandwidth that would normally be wasted accessing the memory banks...

...The drawing shows a system controller in a network processing device  
...

... Memory (114...

... 1Interleave scheduler (116

Title Terms: MEMORY ;

34/3,K/5 (Item 5 from file: 350)  
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX  
(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

013445907 \*\*Image available\*\*  
WPI Acc No: 2000-617850/200059  
XRPX Acc No: N00-457768

Simultaneous data transferring method for data processing, involves  
transferring stored , coalesced packet data from data buffer to  
data path in response to write enable signal

Patent Assignee: SUN MICROSYSTEMS INC (SUNM )

Inventor: LAVELLE M G; LYNCH W L

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week
US 6078587	A	20000620	US 97880469	A	19970623	200059 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 97880469 A 19970623

Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
US 6078587	A	12	H04L-012/28	

Simultaneous data transferring method for data processing, involves  
transferring stored , coalesced packet data from data buffer to  
data path in response to write enable signal

Abstract (Basic):

... Mask information stored in a mask information buffer and  
mask information from a next packet in several data packets is  
utilized to assert a write enable signal. In response to assertion of  
write enable signal, the packet data from the next data packet  
is stored and then the stored coalesced packet data is  
transferred to the data path.

... The write enable signal indicates that packet data from  
the next data packet would not overwrite valid packet data  
stored in data buffer and also indicate whether the data from the  
next packet is within the locus of permissible locations . An  
INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for a data coalescing system...

...Since data is collected from multiple data packet for group  
transfer on data path, the data transfer bandwidth on data path way  
is utilized to a maximum extent...

...The figure shows the schematic block diagram showing overall data flow  
in graphics controller .

...Title Terms: STORAGE ;

34/3,K/8 (Item 8 from file: 350)  
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX  
(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

012325508 \*\*Image available\*\*  
WPI Acc No: 1999-131615/199911  
Related WPI Acc No: 1996-414640  
XRPX Acc No: N99-095912

Data blocks exchanging method between memory and I/O devices in data processing system - involves interleaving blocks of data by transferring data corresponding to one memory table and then transferring data corresponding to another memory table

Patent Assignee: LSI LOGIC CORP (LSIL-N)  
Inventor: CARMICHAEL R D; WARD J M; WINCHELL M A  
Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001  
Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week
US 5864712	A	19990126	US 95407439	A	19950317	199911 B
			US 95488427	A	19950607	
			US 96777858	A	19961231	

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 95488427 A 19950607; US 95407439 A 19950317; US 96777858 A 19961231

Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan	Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
US 5864712	A	30	G06F-013/10		CIP of application US 95407439 Cont of application US 95488427

Data blocks exchanging method between memory and I/O devices in data processing system...

...involves interleaving blocks of data by transferring data corresponding to one memory table and then transferring data corresponding to another memory table

...Abstract (Basic): NOVELTY - Two I/O devices are associated with respective memory tables (137,139). The blocks of data are interleaved by transferring data corresponding to first memory table and then transferring data corresponding to second memory table. One of the I/O devices is selected, and a portion of data is exchanged between the selected I/O device and memory sequentially until all the data is exchanged. DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM for I/O control device is also included...

...ADVANTAGE - Provides I/O control device with data management component capable of processing multiple PRD tables. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows mechanism for performing single data manager controlled bus master gathering DMA operations in two I/O channel system. (137,139) Memory tables...

...Title Terms: MEMORY ;

34/3,K/12 (Item 12 from file: 350)  
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX  
(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

011034431 \*\*Image available\*\*  
WPI Acc No: 1997-012355/199701  
XRPX Acc No: N97-010690

**Reconfigurable deinterleaving appts. for data streams - is selectively configurable for data streams interleaved according to one of several interleaving schemes using several parameter sets with each set corresponding to particular deinterleaving algorithm**

Patent Assignee: ADVANCED HARDWARE ARCHITECTURES INC (ADHA-N)

Inventor: BERGE T; ZWEIGLE G

Number of Countries: 019 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week
WO 9637050	A1	19961121	WO 96US4758	A	19960404	199701 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 95441078 A 19950515

Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan	Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
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WO 9637050	A1	E	20	H03M-013/22	
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Designated States (National): CA JP

Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC  
NL PT SE

... **is selectively configurable for data streams interleaved according to one of several interleaving schemes using several parameter sets with each set corresponding to particular deinterleaving algorithm**

...Abstract (Basic): The appts. includes a data input for receiving a stream of **data** that was **interleaved** according to one of **several interleaving** algorithms. A control **input** receives a signal for selectively configuring the appts. to deinterleave the stream of **interleaved data** according to a predetermined deinterleaving algorithm. An **interleaving** circuit coupled to the **data input** selectively configures the appts. to **interleave** a stream of **data** .

...

...An **interleaving** /deinterleaving appts. includes an **input** for receiving a stream of **data** bytes. A RAM has several data byte storage **locations** coupled to receive the **input** stream. A **write address** generator coupled to the **memory** directs each byte in the **input** stream to an appropriate **storage location** . A read **address** generator coupled to the **memory** selects which of the **locations** will provide a **data** byte to an output stream. An output coupled to the **memory** receives the output stream. A **controller** coupled to the **memory** , the **write address** generator and the read **address** generator includes several parameter sets. Each parameter set allows the **controller** to **interleave** or deinterleave an **input** stream according to one of **several interleaving** algorithms...

...ADVANTAGE - Appts. can be reconfigured to deinterleave streams **interleaved** according to several **interleaving** schemes. Cost effective

...Title Terms: **INTERLEAVED** ;

34/3,K/14 (Item 14 from file: 350)  
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX  
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010917689 \*\*Image available\*\*  
WPI Acc No: 1996-414640/199642  
Related WPI Acc No: 1999-131615  
XRPX Acc No: N96-349015

**Block transfer method for data from several input -output devices - involves scheduling DMA block transfers based upon availability of data from buffer memory of input and output devices**

Patent Assignee: LSI LOGIC CORP (LSIL-N); SYMBIOS LOGIC INC (SYMB-N)

Inventor: CARMICHAEL R; WARD J M; WINCHELL M A; CARMICHAEL R D

Number of Countries: 005 Number of Patents: 005

Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week
EP 732659	A1	19960918	EP 96301799	A	19960315	199642 B
JP 8297628	A	19961112	JP 9660667	A	19960318	199704
US 5894560	A	19990413	US 95407439	A	19950317	199922
			US 96702998	A	19960826	
EP 732659	B1	20010808	EP 96301799	A	19960315	200146
DE 69614291	E	20010913	DE 614291	A	19960315	200161
			EP 96301799	A	19960315	

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 95407439 A 19950317; US 96702998 A 19960826

Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan	Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
EP 732659	A1	E	22	G06F-013/28	
				Designated States (Regional):	DE FR GB
JP 8297628	A		22	G06F-013/28	
US 5894560	A			G06F-013/00	Cont of application US 95407439
EP 732659	B1	E		G06F-013/28	
				Designated States (Regional):	DE FR GB
DE 69614291	E			G06F-013/28	Based on patent EP 732659

**Block transfer method for data from several input -output devices...**

**...involves scheduling DMA block transfers based upon availability of data from buffer memory of input and output devices**

**...Abstract (Basic):** The method of transferring blocks involves scheduling DMA block transfers based upon an availability of data from several input -output devices. An input -output controller (120) is coupled to a central processor (34) and many input -output devices (127, and 129). Each input -output device includes a buffer...

**...The controller** transfers data from the input -output device to a memory based upon availability of data in one of the buffers. Data blocks are interleaved on the basis of locations of scatter gather physical region descriptor entries in a table...

**...ADVANTAGE** - For multi-tasking data processing systems. Balanced, high aggregate system performance due to tuning controller . Improved input-output performance...

**...Title Terms:** MEMORY ;



34/3,K/19 (Item 19 from file: 350)  
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX  
(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

010167310 \*\*Image available\*\*  
WPI Acc No: 1995-068563/199510  
XRPX Acc No: N95-054451

**Shared cache for multiprocessor system - has local and shared cache using interleaving , multi-porting, pipelining and burst transfers to service each processor each cycle**

Patent Assignee: INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC )  
Inventor: DIBRINO M T; HICKS D A; LATTIMORE G M; SO K K; YOUSSEF H  
Number of Countries: 005 Number of Patents: 004  
Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week
EP 637799	A2	19950208	EP 94304536	A	19940622	199510 B
US 5581734	A	19961203	US 93101144	A	19930802	199703
EP 637799	A3	19970402	EP 94304536	A	19940622	199728
JP 3360700	B2	20021224	JP 94140434	A	19940622	200304

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 93101144 A 19930802

Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan	Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
EP 637799	A2	E	16	G06F-012/08	
Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB					
US 5581734	A		14	G06F-012/08	
EP 637799	A3			G06F-012/08	
JP 3360700	B2		16	G06F-012/08	Previous Publ. patent JP 7056813

... has local and shared cache using interleaving , multi-porting, pipelining and burst transfers to service each processor each cycle

...Abstract (Basic): The multiprocessor system includes local and shared cache **memories** . A number of processors (3) each have their own local cache (L1) for rapid accesses. These caches communicate with system **memory** via a shared cache (100). The shared cache is controlled by a **memory** control unit (10...

...The shared cache is **interleaved** and uses pipelining on its read and **store** actions. Multiple ports are provided and allocation of ports to transactions is controlled on a least recently serviced priority basis by the **memory controller** . Burst mode transfers are held in **registers** to free the cache **memory** .

...

...ADVANTAGE - Provides service for each processor on each machine cycle and offers high performance **memory** .

...Abstract (Equivalent): A **data** processing system, having a **plurality** of processing units, comprising...

...units, in an amount greater than a capacity of said system bus, said circuit means **sequentially** storing said input data as data words, combining adjacent ones of said data words and...

...wherein said single operation simultaneously transfers said **data** between said cache and said **plurality** of processing units...

...Title Terms: **INTERLEAVED** ;

34/3,K/25 (Item 25 from file: 350)  
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX  
(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

009308723 \*\*Image available\*\*  
WPI Acc No: 1993-002159/199301  
XRPX Acc No: N93-001520

Direct access storage device array for storage subsystems - uses  
array hierarchy which comprises number of RAID 3 arrays attached to  
common controller , to form RAID 5 array, providing high concurrency of  
RAID 5 array and high bandwidth of RAID 3 array

Patent Assignee: INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC ); IBM CORP (IBMC )

Inventor: MENON J M; WOOD L C

Number of Countries: 004 Number of Patents: 003

Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week
EP 521630	A2	19930107	EP 92305513	A	19920616	199301 B
US 5301297	A	19940405	US 91725696	A	19910703	199413
EP 521630	A3	19940216	EP 92305513	A	19920616	199518

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 91725696 A 19910703

Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan	Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
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EP 521630	A2	E	19	G06F-011/00	
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Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB

US 5301297	A		16	G06F-012/06	
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EP 521630	A3			G06F-011/00	
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Direct access storage device array for storage subsystems...

...uses array hierarchy which comprises number of RAID 3 arrays attached to  
common controller , to form RAID 5 array, providing high concurrency of  
RAID 5 array and high bandwidth...

...Abstract (Basic): A storage subsystem comprises a number of RAID 3  
(Redundant Arrays of Inexpensive Discs) arrays of direct access  
storage devices (DASDs). Each RAID 3 array includes N data + P  
parity DASDs attached to a local controller .

...

...arrays to form a RAID 5 array of logical devices. The RAID 3 arrays are  
addressable through a path which includes the control unit and local  
controllers . The control unit receives data strings which are  
segmented into N blocks. The P parity

...Abstract (Equivalent): The method involves teaching insertion of  
addressing indirection to form and to access an array hierarchy  
expressly permitting the concurrency of a...

...a lower level RAID array, and after a DASD failure minimum spanning  
involvement when the array is rebuilding and rewriting missing data  
to a spare logical device...

...Also, disclosed are the accessing of variable length records on the  
array hierarchy, array hierarchy in which RAID 5 arrays have dissimilar  
number of logic devices (lower level RAID arrays) and interleave  
depths. Logical arrays are formed using fractional storage defined  
onto real DASD subsets. Logical devices are defined onto DASDs  
distributed in the same...

...Title Terms: STORAGE ;

34/3,K/29 (Item 29 from file: 350)  
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX  
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008562987 \*\*Image available\*\*  
WPI Acc No: 1991-067022/199110  
XRPX Acc No: N91-051865

**Main memory control system for computer - has initial data generating  
initialisation control and refresh control circuits**

Patent Assignee: OKI ELECTRIC IND CO LTD (OKID )

Inventor: HIROSAWA T

Number of Countries: 006 Number of Patents: 006

Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week
EP 415433	A	19910306	EP 90116715	A	19900831	199110 B
CA 2024433	A	19910302				199131
US 5235691	A	19930810	US 90575960	A	19900831	199333
CA 2024433	C	19940208	CA 2024433	A	19900831	199411
EP 415433	B1	19950412	EP 90116715	A	19900831	199519
DE 69018542	E	19950518	DE 618542	A	19900831	199525
			EP 90116715	A	19900831	

Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 89224522 A 19890901

Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan	Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
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EP 415433	A				
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Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB

US 5235691	A		10	G06F-012/16	
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EP 415433	B1	E	15	G11C-011/406	
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Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB

DE 69018542	E			G11C-011/406	Based on patent EP 415433
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CA 2024433	C			G06F-009/30	
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**Main memory control system for computer...**

...Abstract (Basic): A main **memory** control system has an initial **data** generating circuit for generating initial data, an initialisation control circuit for activating an initialise signal...

...When the initialise signal is inactive, the main **memory** control system performs normal read, **write**, and refresh operations. When the initialise signal is active, the main **memory** control system selects the initial **data** by means of a **data multiplexer** and performs only **write** operations, **writing** the initial **data** at refresh **addresses** generated by the refresh control circuit. If the main **memory** has an **interleaved** structure, the initial **data** are written in all leaves simultaneously...

...USE/ADVANTAGE - Initialising main **memory** of computer rapidly, using only simple additional hardware. Can initialise all leaves of **interleaved** main **memory** simultaneously. (11pp Dwg.No.1/4)

...Abstract (Equivalent): A main **memory** control system for controlling access to a main **memory** of a computer by a central processing unit of the computer, and for refreshing and initializing the main **memory**, comprising: an initial **data** generating means for generating initial data; an initialization control means connected to said central processing...

...response thereto; a refresh control means connected to said initialization control means, for generating refresh **addresses** and

activating a refresh timing signal; a **memory** control means connected to said refresh control means, said initial data generating means said initialization control means, said main **memory** , and said central processing unit for selecting said refresh addresses when said refresh timing signal...

...central processing unit when said initialize signal is inactive and for generating control signals for **writing** the selected **data** at the selected **addresses** in said main **memory** ; characterised in that said refresh timing signal is activated at selectable refresh intervals, and said...

...Abstract (Equivalent): A main **memory** control system has as initial **data** generating circuit for generating initial data, an initialisation control circuit for activating an initialise signal...

...When the initialise signal is inactive, the main **memory** control system performs normal read, **write** , and refresh operations. When the initialise signal is active, the main **memory** control system selects the initial **data** by means of a **data multiplexer** and performs only **write** operations, **writing** the initial **data** at refresh **addresses** generated by the refresh control circuit. If the main **memory** has an **interleaved** structure, the initial **data** are written in all banks simultaneously...

...USE/ADVANTAGE - For controlling main **memory** of a computer, particularly system with means of initialising main **memory** , using only simple additional hardware. Scrubbing refresh, RAS-only refresh or CAS - before - RAS refresh...

...Title Terms: **MEMORY** ;

34/3,K/34 (Item 34 from file: 350)  
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX  
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004605246

WPI Acc No: 1986-108590/198617

XRPX Acc No: N86-080027

**Dynamically allocated local-global storage system - for multi-processor system by assigning first and second storage portions to reference and any other processor respectively**

Patent Assignee: INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC ); IBM CORP (IBMC )

Inventor: BRANTLEY W C; MCAULIFEE K P; NORTON V A; PFISTER G F; WEISS J

Number of Countries: 007 Number of Patents:-009

Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week
GB 2165975	A	19860423	GB 8525903	A	19851021	198617 B
EP 179401	A	19860430	EP 85113174	A	19851017	198618
CA 1236588	A	19880510				198823
CN 8507534	A	19870415				198827
US 4754394	A	19880628	US 84664131	A	19841024	198828
GB 2165975	B	19880720				198829
US 4980822	A	19901225	US 88168721	A	19880316	199103
EP 179401	B1	19920722	EP 85113174	A	19851017	199230
DE 3586389	G	19920827	DE 3586389	A	19851017	199236
			EP 85113174	A	19851017	

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 84664131 A 19841024; US 88168721 A 19880316

Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan	Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
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GB 2165975	A		12		
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EP 179401	A	E			
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Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB IT

EP 179401	B1	E		G06F-012/02	
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Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB IT

DE 3586389	G			G06F-012/02	Based on patent EP 179401
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**Dynamically allocated local-global storage system...**

**...for multi-processor system by assigning first and second storage portions to reference and any other processor respectively**

**...Abstract (Basic):** A table look-up provides a quantity, the **interleave** amount, which indicates whether the real **address** is in local or global **storage** and, which in the latter event, is used to derive the absolute **addresses**. The low order bits of the real **address** may be hashed using Remap (252) to introduce a random element into a **sequence** of consecutive **addresses**. The rear **address** after mapping excluding the word offset (WO) is passed to right rotate device (256) which is controlled by the **interleave** amount...

**...be rotated and the amount the field is to be rotated are specified by the **interleave** amount. The derived absolute **addresses** are entered in **register** (258) and are passed for use onto a communication network interconnecting the processors and the **storage** system. Local and global **storage** is distributed amongst the nodes of a multiprocessor network. (12pp Dwg.No.7/8)**

**...Abstract (Equivalent):** **Data** processing apparatus comprising a communications network having **plural** individually **addressable** ports with a processor and a **storage** unit connected to at least some, and



potentially all, of the ports providing **addressable** processing nodes, the network being arranged to support node **address** containing message passing from any originating processing node and the **addressed** node, each processor incorporating a table driven, virtual to real **address** translation facility and an interface mechanism, in part controlled thereby, providing bi-directional communication between the processor, its connected port and the local **storage** unit, the translation facility responding to a virtual **address** from the processor to derive a processing node **address** which, if it is the local processing node **address**, causes the interface to connect the processor and the local **storage** unit and, if it is not the local processing node **address**, to connect the processor and the network via the local port and a message containing the generated other node **address**, and hence, indirectly, to the **addressed** processing node, the interface mechanism at the **addressed** processing node connecting the port to the **storage** unit local to that port, the translation control tables being writable at run time to match the requirements of applications, whereby the real **address** space of any particular processor is variably divided between its local **storage** unit and global **storage** in the form of the aggregate of the **storage** units in other processing nodes, and the local **storage** unit is equally variably divided between local **storage** and global **storage**, directly by the translation defined by the local translation control tables.

...Abstract (Equivalent): The method comprises the steps of mapping virtual **addresses** of **storage** reference requests produced by processors to real **addresses**, each of the real **addresses** having high-order bits for **identifying** one of the **memory** modules in one of the processing nodes and low-order bits for **identifying** a **storage location** in the **identified memory** module and selectively swapping a variable number of the high-order bits for the same number of the low-order bits of the real **addresses** to generate corresponding absolute **addresses**.

...

...of said high-order bits and low-order bits to be swapped and directing the **storage** reference requests from each processor in accordance with the absolute **addresses** to either the **memory** module in its respective processing node or to other **memory** modules in remote processing nodes via the communication network...

...The multiprocessing system includes a map/ **interleave** block for applying variable **interleaving** transformation to the real **addresses** of the **storage** reference requests produced by the processor, the real **addresses** transforming to corresp. absolute **addresses** with each absolute **address identifying** one of the **memory** modules and a **storage location**. A **controller**, under the dynamic control of the processor responding to the user software during run time operates on the map/ **interleave** block to **interleave** the absolute **addresses** across varying numbers of **memory** modules...

...A device coupled to the map/ **interleave** block directs **storage** reference requests in accordance with the absolute **addresses** to the respective **identified memory** modules and **locations**. Blocks of absolute **addresses** are dynamically **interleaved** across variable numbers of the **memory** modules as specified by the **controller**.

...

...ADVANTAGE - Allows **storage** configuration to be dynamically altered to fit needs of user and improves performance over wide



...Title Terms: STORAGE ;

34/3,K/38 (Item 38 from file: 350)  
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX  
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003309553

WPI Acc No: 1982-F7562E/198220

Memory controller appts. for processing number of memory requests -  
has several queue circuits having address , control and data queue  
registers and tri-state flip-flop for independent operation

Patent Assignee: HONEYWELL INFORM SYSTEMS INC (HONE )

Inventor: JOHNSON R B; NIBBY C M

Number of Countries: 014 Number of Patents: 006

Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week
EP 51426	A	19820512				198220 B
FI 8103266	A	19820630				198229
BR 8106954	A	19820713				198230
US 4451880	A	19840529	US 80202821	A	19801031	198424
CA 1172771	A	19840814				198437
KR 8600986	B	19860724				198650

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 80202821 A 19801031

Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan	Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
EP 51426	A	E	107		

Designated States (Regional): BE CH DE FR GB IT LI NL SE

Memory controller appts. for processing number of memory requests

...

...has several queue circuits having address , control and data queue  
registers and tri-state flip-flop for independent operation

...Abstract (Basic): The controller has at least 2 queue circuits for  
storing memory requests. A queue control circuitry sequentially  
enables the queue circuits for processing the memory requests from  
units coupled to a bus connected to the controller . Each queue  
circuit has a first register for storing the addresses of the  
memory requests. A second register stores the type of memory  
requests and a third register stores the data of memory requests  
if they are of the write type...

...Each queue circuit also has a bistable request indicator which is set on  
a memory request being stored to inhibit further storing of  
requests in that queue circuit. Each address queue register has a  
tristate flip-flop for enabling independent operation in processing  
memory requests. The flip-flop is controlled by an Exclusive-OR  
circuit having one input energised by a predetermined state of the  
flip-flop. The controller enables interleaving of memory  
requests, eliminating processing delays.

...Abstract (Equivalent): The controller controls the operation of a  
number of memory module units and includes a number of queues which  
couple to the module units. Each queue includes an address queue  
register , a control queue register and a data queue register . Each  
address queue register has tristate control for independent  
operation...

...Control circuits which couple to the queue address , control and data  
registers assign memory cycles between queues on an alternate basis  
when the queue control registers store requests which are being

processed. This enables the **interleaving** of **memory** requests which eliminates processing delays particularly in cases where such requests involve multi word transfers over successively **memory** cycles of operation.

Title Terms: **MEMORY** ;

34/3,K/39 (Item 39 from file: 347)  
DIALOG(R)File 347:JAPIO  
(c) 2005 JPO & JAPIO. All rts. reserv.

06446472 \*\*Image available\*\*

DATA MULTIPLEXER , DATA MULTIPLEXING METHOD, AND COMPUTER READABLE  
RECORDING MEDIUM RECORDED WITH THE DATA MULTIPLEXING METHOD

PUB. NO.: 2000-032042 [JP 2000032042 A]  
PUBLISHED: January 28, 2000 (20000128)  
INVENTOR(s): TOMOTA MASAOKI  
SATO KENSUKE  
APPLICANT(s): MATSUSHITA ELECTRIC IND CO LTD  
APPL. NO.: 10-192889 [JP 98192889]  
FILED: July 08, 1998 (19980708)

DATA MULTIPLEXER , DATA MULTIPLEXING METHOD, AND COMPUTER READABLE  
RECORDING MEDIUM RECORDED WITH THE DATA MULTIPLEXING METHOD

#### ABSTRACT

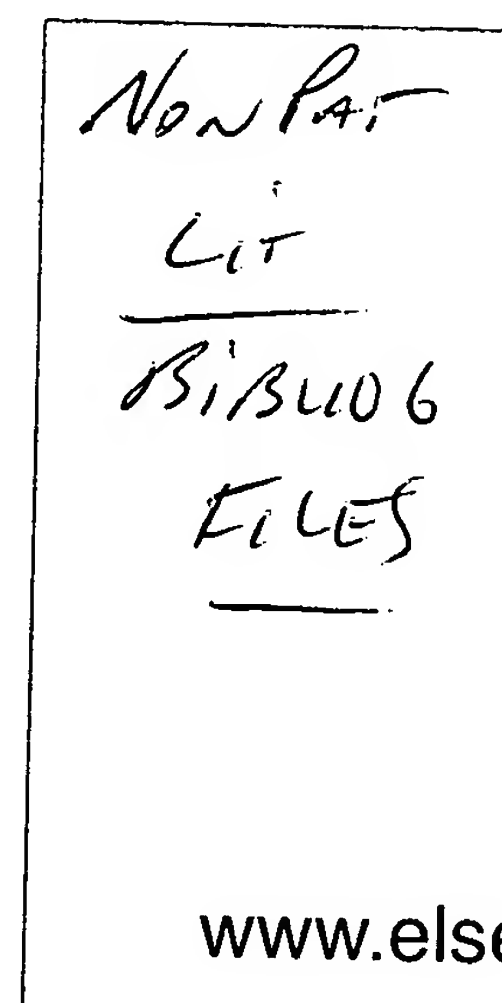
PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To **interleave plurality of input fixed length packet** streams efficiently.

SOLUTION: A **multiplex** request generating sections 101-103 calculate a time when a **packet** stream is **multiplexed** based on an output rate of an output fixed length packet stream and an input rate of an **input** fixed length **packet** stream and outputs a **multiplex** request when the time reaches an output reference time by an output reference time management **section** 107. Queue **sections** 104-106 **store** temporarily respective multiplex requests outputted from the multiplex request generating sections. A selection signal generating...

...according to a prescribed retrieval sequence and provides an output of a selection signal. An **interleave section** 109 **interleaves** the **packet** stream according to the selection signal. Thus, invalid **packets** detected by an invalid **packet** delete **section** are deleted and **interleaving** with other **input packet** stream is attained and the packing rate of the **packet** stream is enhanced.

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Set	Items	Description
S1	11699	(EXTEND? OR EXTRA? OR REDUND? OR SECOND? OR 2ND OR BACKUP? OR BACK?()UP) (2N) (REMOTE? OR OFFSITE? OR DISTAL? OR DISTANT? - OR GLOBAL? OR ("NOT" OR NON)()LOCAL? OR OFF()SITE)
S2	2523704	COPY? OR STORE? OR STORAGE? OR WRITE? OR WRITING?
S3	2173310	RECORD? OR MEMOR? OR BACKUP? OR BACK?()UP
S4	160968	(MAGNETIC OR MEMOR?) (2N) (STORAG? OR TAPE? OR DEVIC? OR DISK? OR DISC?)
S5	736683	CONTROLLER? OR MANAGER? OR SUPERVISOR? OR AUTHORIT?
S6	2417	(STORAG? OR DATA?) () (MOVER? OR ROUTER? OR MULTIPLEX? OR MU-X?)
S7	7260327	MULTIP? OR MULTIT? OR PLURAL? OR MANY? OR SEVERAL? OR ARRAY? OR MULTITHREAD? OR MULTI()THREAD? OR RAID
S8	12173252	DATA? OR PACKET? OR INPUT? OR THREAD? OR INFORMATION? OR INFO? OR FILE? OR SOURC?
S9	104458	INTERMINGL? OR INTERMIX? OR INTERLEAV? OR COALESC?
S10	24270	COMMINGL? OR COMMIX? OR INTERLAC? OR SHUFFL? OR INTERWEAV?
S11	1655517	CHRONICL? OR ARCHIV? OR LOG OR LOGS OR LOGGED OR LOGGING? - OR INDEX?
S12	3262402	HISTOR? OR TRACK? OR LIBRAR? OR RECORD? ? OR DIARY? OR REGIST? OR LIST? ?
S13	2860810	MONITOR? OR WATCH? OR AUDIT? OR ACCOUNT?
S14	10200220	LOCATION? OR ADDRESS? OR SITE? ? OR LOCALE? OR POSITION? OR SECTOR? OR LOCUS? OR SECTION? OR SEQUEN? OR IDENTIF?
S15	233190	*deleted* S2:S4(7N)S7(7N)S7
S16	44839	S2:S4(7N)S7(7N)S8
S17	61	S16 AND S1
S18	3735	S16:S17 AND S9:S11
S19	6	S17 AND S18
S20	470	S16:S17 AND S9:S10
S21	0	S20 AND S17
S22	45	S20 AND S11:S13 AND S14
S23	51	S19 OR S22
S24	46	S23 AND PY<2004
S25	33	RD (unique items)
S26	25	S1:S4 AND S5:S6 AND S7 AND S8 AND S9:S10 AND S11:S13 AND S-14
S27	24	S26 AND PY<2004
S28	18	RD (unique items)
File	2:INSPEC 1969-2005/Sep W3	(c) 2005 Institution of Electrical Engineers
File	6:NTIS 1964-2005/Sep W3	(c) 2005 NTIS, Intl Cpyrght All Rights Res
File	8:EI Compendex(R) 1970-2005/Sep W3	(c) 2005 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc.
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25/3,K/8 (Item 8 from file: 2)  
DIALOG(R)File 2:INSPEC  
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05838420 INSPEC Abstract Number: C9501-5440-013

**Title:** Interleaved **parallel schemes**  
**Author(s):** Seznec, A.; Lenfant, J.  
**Author Affiliation:** IRISA, Rennes, France  
**Journal:** IEEE Transactions on Parallel and Distributed Systems vol.5,  
no.12 p.1329-34  
**Publication Date:** Dec. 1994 **Country of Publication:** USA  
**CODEN:** ITDSEO **ISSN:** 1045-9219  
**U.S. Copyright Clearance Center Code:** 1045-9219/94/\$04.00  
**Language:** English  
**Subfile:** C

**Title:** Interleaved **parallel schemes**  
**Abstract:** On vector supercomputers, vector **register** processors share a global highly **interleaved memory**. In order to optimize **memory** throughput, a single-instruction, **multiple - data** (SIMD) synchronization mode may be used on vector **sections**. We present an **interleaved** parallel scheme (IPS). Using IPS ensures an equitable distribution of elements on a highly **interleaved** memory for a wide range of vector strides. Access to memory may be organized in...

**Identifiers:** **interleaved** parallel schemes...

...vector **register** processors...

...global highly **interleaved** memory...

1994

25/3,K/13 (Item 1 from file: 6)

DIALOG(R)File 6:NTIS

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1757453 NTIS Accession Number: N93-30464/0

**Striped Tertiary Storage Arrays**

Drapeau, A. L.

California Univ., Berkeley.

Corp. Source Codes: 005029000; CC747787

Sponsor: National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Washington, DC.

1993 11p

Languages: English

Journal Announcement: GRAI9323; STAR3111

In NASA. Goddard Space Flight Center, Goddard Conference on Mass Storage Systems and Technologies, Volume 1, p 203-213.

NTIS Prices: (Order as N93-30449/1, PC A15/MF A03)

...technique for increasing the throughput and reducing the response time of large access to a **storage** system. In striped **magnetic** or optical **disk arrays**, a single **file** is striped or **interleaved** across **several** disks; in a striped tape system, **files** are **interleaved** across tape cartridges. Because a striped **file** can be accessed by **several** disk drives or tape **recorders** in parallel, the sustained bandwidth to the **file** is greater than in non-striped systems, where access to the file are restricted to...

... using large tertiary storage systems is discussed. It will introduce commonly available tape drives and **libraries**, and discuss their performance limitations, especially focusing on the long latency of tape accesses. This **section** will also describe an event-driven tertiary storage array simulator that is being used to...

...are discussed, and plans for modeling the overall reliability of striped tertiary storage arrays to **identify** the amount of error correction required are described. Finally, work being done by other members of the Sequoia group to **address** latency of accesses, optimizing tertiary storage arrays that perform mostly writes, and compression is discussed.

25/3,K/25 (Item 1 from file: 35)  
DIALOG(R)File 35:Dissertation Abs Online  
(c) 2005 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

01851839 ORDER NO: AADAA-I3025179

**Algorithms and methodology for scalable model checking**

Author: Qadeer, Shaz

Degree: Ph.D.

Year: 1999

Corporate Source/Institution: University of California, Berkeley (0028)

Source: VOLUME 62/09-B OF DISSERTATION ABSTRACTS INTERNATIONAL.

PAGE 4148. 150 PAGES

ISBN: 0-493-36991-0

Year: 1999

...variables and  $\approx 30K$  gates.

Our third contribution is a systematic model checking methodology for **multiprocessor** systems with three parameters—number of processors, number of **memory locations**, and number of **data** values. **Sequential** consistency requires that some **interleaving** of the local temporal orders of read/write events at different processors be a trace of serial memory. Therefore, it suffices to construct a non-interfering serializer that **watches** and reorders read/write events so that a trace of serial memory is obtained. While...

...such a serializer must be unbounded even for fixed values of the parameters—checking **sequential** consistency is undecidable!—we show that the paradigmatic class of snoopy cache coherence protocols...

...of processors and use the notion of a serializer to reduce the problem of verifying **sequential** consistency to that of checking language inclusion between finite state machines.

25/3,K/28 (Item 4 from file: 35)  
DIALOG(R)File 35:Dissertation Abs Online  
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01243804 ORDER NO: AAD92-30248

**DISASTER RECOVERY FOR TRANSACTION PROCESSING SYSTEMS**

Author: POLYZOIS, CHRISTOS A.

Degree: PH.D.

Year: 1992

Corporate Source/Institution: PRINCETON UNIVERSITY (0181)

Source: VOLUME 53/06-B OF DISSERTATION ABSTRACTS INTERNATIONAL.  
PAGE 2991. 109 PAGES

Year: 1992

A. **remote backup** is a copy of a primary database maintained at a geographically separate location and is used to increase data availability.

**Remote backup** systems are usually **log** -based and can be classified as either 2-safe or 1-safe, depending on whether...

...sites simultaneously or they commit first at the primary and are then propagated to the **backup** .

This thesis describes 1-safe algorithms that can exploit **multiple log** streams to propagate **information** from the primary to the **backup** . An experimental distributed **database** system is used to evaluate the performance of these algorithms and compare the 1-safe...

28/3,K/6 (Item 6 from file: 2)  
DIALOG(R)File 2:INSPEC  
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03338441 INSPEC Abstract Number: C84050627

**Title: Analysis of interleaved storage via a constant-service queuing system with Markov-chain-driven input**

Author(s): Hofri, M.

Author Affiliation: Technion-Israel Inst. of Technol., Haifa, Israel

Journal: Journal of the Association for Computing Machinery vol.31,  
no.3 p.628-48

Publication Date: July 1984 Country of Publication: USA

CODEN: JACOAH ISSN: 0004-5411

U.S. Copyright Clearance Center Code: 0004-5411/84/0700-0628\$00.75

Language: English

Subfile: C

**Title: Analysis of interleaved storage via a constant-service queuing system with Markov-chain-driven input**

Abstract: A popular means of increasing the effective rate of main storage accesses in a large computer is a multiplicity of memory modules accessible in parallel. Although such an organization usually achieves a net gain in access rate, it also creates new modes of congestion at the storage controller. This paper analyzes the variables that describe such a congestion: queue lengths and delays. A controller that maintains separate register sets to accommodate the request queue of each module is considered. The various processors attached to the storage are assumed to generate, in each memory cycle, a number of access requests with the same given distribution. The addresses specified by these requests (reduced to the module index) are further assumed to follow the states of a first-order Markov chain. The analysis then becomes one of a single-server queuing system with constant service time and indexed batch arrival process. Results are derived for several descriptors of the congestion and thus of the quality of service offered by such an...

Descriptors: data handling...

... file organisation

Identifiers: interleaved storage ; ...

...Markov-chain-driven input ; ...

... memory modules...

... storage controller

1984